CT 感 溫 棒

Thermocouples

Each thermocouple comprises two dissimilar metal wires welded together to become a hot junction.

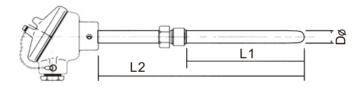
When the hot junction is heated, the EMF value will be affected, The difference between the EMF values of hot junction and cold junction that transforms thermal Energy to electricity is called the Seeback effect. The Diameter of element of thermocouple will not affect the EMF but extension wire are related to the EMF output accuracy.

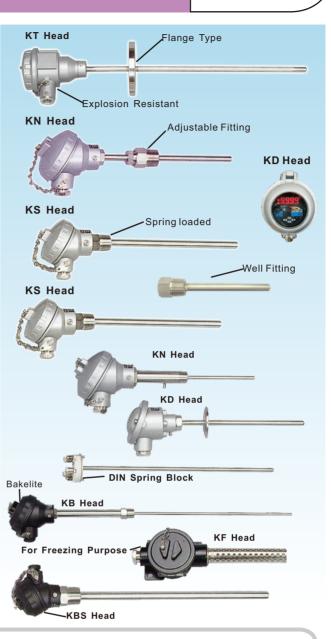
The thermocouple element is usually put in a protection tube and /or connected to a head to become a complete set.

Resistance Temperature Detectors (RTDs)

RTD sensor Probes are used by many manufacturers. Such as plastics manufacturer, HVAC, food, pharmaceutical, aerospace, medical industries and many other special applications.

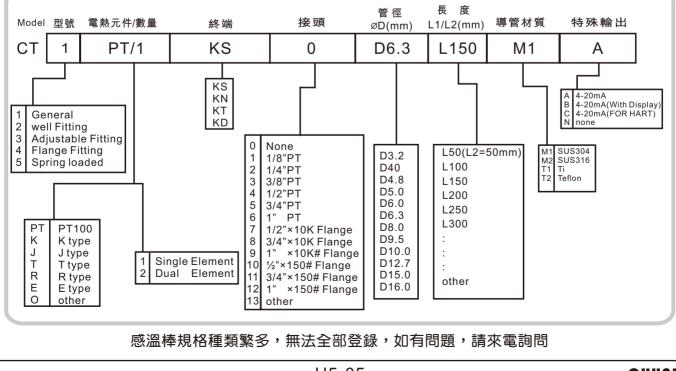
RTDs operate by exhibiting an increase in resistance with an increase in temperature. The resistance tolerance at zero °C for a platinum RTD is $\pm 0.12\%$ for class B and $\pm 0.06\%$ for a Class A. Platinum RTDs are commonly used because of their accuracy and wide temperature range -50 ~ 500°C. TCR 3850PPM/°C and has a maximum applied current of 1mA for Pt100 and 0.50mA for Pt1000. Most popular is class B Pt100.



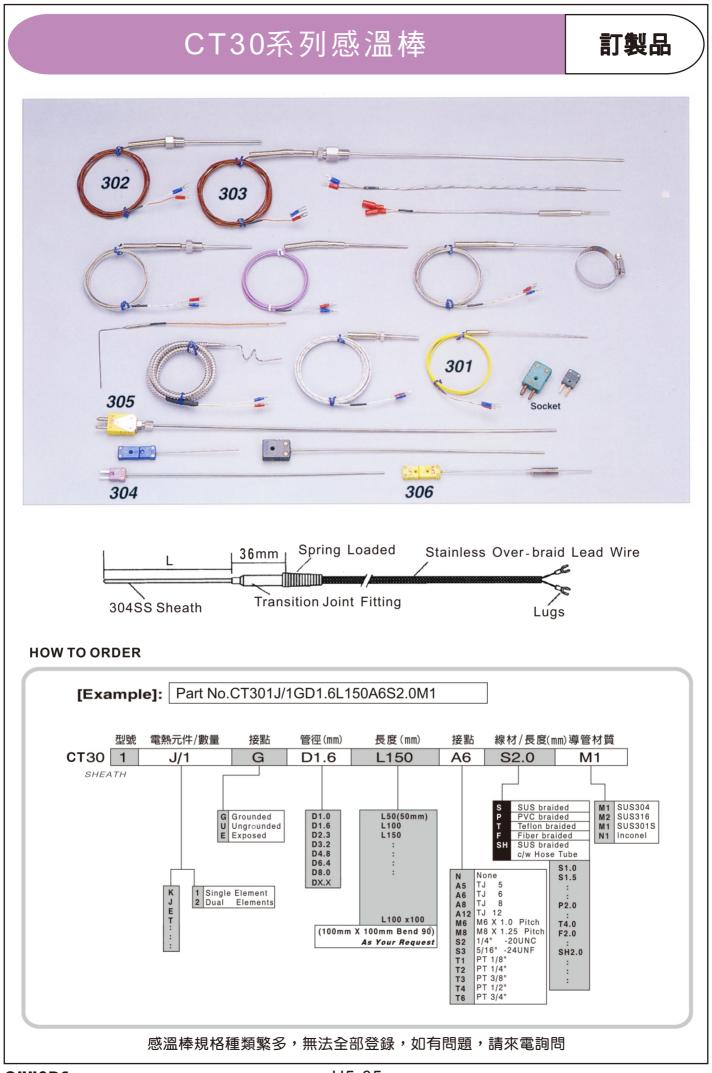


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